

Correction

Correction: Yang et al. A Study on the Spatio-Temporal Land-Use Changes and Ecological Response of the Dongting Lake Catchment. *ISPRS Int. J. Geo-Inf.* 2021, 10, 716

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The authors of the published paper [1] would like to make the following corrections: (1) In the title of Table 2, the “100 RMB·kg⁻²·a⁻¹” need to be changed into “100 RMB·km⁻²”.

Original:

Table 2. Ecological value coefficient corresponding to the land-use type (100 RMB·kg⁻²·a⁻¹).

Corrected:

Table 2. Ecological value coefficient corresponding to the land-use type (100 RMB·km⁻²).

(2) In the Table 5, the “10⁸ RMB” needs to be changed into “10¹⁰ RMB”.

Original:

Table 5. Changes in the ESV of each ecosystem in Dongting Lake Basin.

Land-Use Type	ESV (10 ⁸ RMB)						Relative Rate of Change from 1990 to 2015
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	
Arable land	15.66	15.50	15.60	15.53	15.33	15.18	−3.07%
Forest land	106.01	106.19	105.85	105.94	106.07	105.63	−0.35%
Grassland	3.01	3.05	3.01	2.94	2.82	2.79	−7.12%
Water area	9.00	9.42	9.33	9.61	9.71	9.40	4.44%
Wetland	3.60	3.25	3.58	3.49	3.68	4.23	17.42%
Total	137.27	137.42	137.37	137.51	137.62	137.23	−0.03%

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(3) In Section 3.2.2, The unit—“km⁻²” in “the low value area (0–3.72 × 10⁶ RMB·km⁻²), lower value area (3.72 × 10⁶–5.58 × 10⁶ RMB·km⁻²), medium value area (5.58 × 10⁶–7.73 × 10⁶ RMB·km⁻²), higher value area (7.73 × 10⁶–11.28 × 10⁶ RMB·km⁻²), and high value area (11.28 × 10⁶–14.38 × 10⁶ RMB·km⁻²)” need to be deleted, which is completely superfluous and prone to misunderstanding.



Citation: Yang, N.; Mo, W.; Li, M.; Zhang, X.; Chen, M.; Li, F.; Gao, W. Correction: Yang et al. A Study on the Spatio-Temporal Land-Use Changes and Ecological Response of the Dongting Lake Catchment. *ISPRS Int. J. Geo-Inf.* 2021, 10, 716. *ISPRS Int. J. Geo-Inf.* 2022, 11, 613. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijgi11120613>

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Original: Combined with the natural break point method, the ESV of the Dongting Lake Basin was divided into five levels: the low value area ($0-3.72 \times 10^6$ RMB·km⁻²), lower value area ($3.72 \times 10^6-5.58 \times 10^6$ RMB·km⁻²), medium value area ($5.58 \times 10^6-7.73 \times 10^6$ RMB·km⁻²), higher value area ($7.73 \times 10^6-11.28 \times 10^6$ RMB·km⁻²), and high value area ($11.28 \times 10^6-14.38 \times 10^6$ RMB·km⁻²).

Corrected: Combined with the natural break point method, the ESV of the Dongting Lake Basin was divided into five levels: the low value area ($0-3.72 \times 10^6$ RMB), lower value area ($3.72 \times 10^6-5.58 \times 10^6$ RMB), medium value area ($5.58 \times 10^6-7.73 \times 10^6$ RMB), higher value area ($7.73 \times 10^6-11.28 \times 10^6$ RMB), and high value area ($11.28 \times 10^6-14.38 \times 10^6$ RMB).

The authors apologize for any inconvenience caused and state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

Reference

1. Yang, N.; Mo, W.; Li, M.; Zhang, X.; Chen, M.; Li, F.; Gao, W. A Study on the Spatio-Temporal Land-Use Changes and Ecological Response of the Dongting Lake Catchment. *ISPRS Int. J. Geo-Inf.* **2021**, *10*, 716. [[CrossRef](#)]